Projected Effects of Proposal on Social Security Benefits in 2030

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

	Perce population		Percent change in Social Security benefits at the—			
Characteristic	Benefit decrease	Benefit increase	10th %ile	Median	90th %ile	
Total	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Sex						
Female	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Male	13%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	19%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
White, non-Hispanic	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	13%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Country of birth		0.0		• 75	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
United States	10%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Other countries	16%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Age	1070	0,0	170	070	0 70	
60–69	34%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
70–79	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
80–89	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
90 or older	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Marital status	070	0 70	070	0 70	0 70	
Married	14%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Divorced	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Widowed	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Never married	15%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Highest education level	1070	070	- 1 70	0 70	0 /0	
Graduate	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bachelor	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Associate	12%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
High school	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Less than high school	15%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
-	1370	070	-170	0 70	0 /0	
Current-law poverty status Above poverty	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
In poverty	19%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
	1970	0 70	-170	0 70	0 /0	
Current-law household income quintile	00/	00/	0%	00/	00/	
Highest	9% 12%	0% 0%	-1%	0% 0%	0% 0%	
Second highest Middle	12%	0%	-1% -1%	0%	0%	
Second lowest	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Lowest	12%	0%	-1% -1%	0%	0%	
	1270	U 70	-1 /0	0 70	070	
Current-law benefit type	4.40/	00/	40/	00/	00/	
Retired worker only	14%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	0%	0% 0%	0% -1%	0% 0%	0%	
Spousal (includes dually entitled) Disabled worker only	11% 0%	0%	-1% 0%	0% 0%	0%	
Disabled worker oilly	0%	0%	U%	U%	0%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Social Security Benefits in 2050

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

	Perce population		Percent change in Social Security benefits at the—			
Characteristic	Benefit decrease	Benefit increase	10th %ile	Median	90th %ile	
Total	65%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Sex	0070	• 75	0,0		0.15	
Female	61%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Male	69%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	69%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
White, non-Hispanic	63%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	62%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	71%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Country of birth						
United States	64%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Other countries	68%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Age						
60–69	74%	0%	-6%	-6%	0%	
70–79	80%	0%	-5%	-3%	0%	
80–89	55%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	
90 or older	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Marital status						
Married	73%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Divorced	65%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Widowed	38%	0%	-4%	0%	0%	
Never married	72%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Highest education level						
Graduate	69%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Bachelor	67%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Associate	65%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
High school	61%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Less than high school	67%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Current-law poverty status						
Above poverty	65%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
In poverty	65%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Current-law household income quintile						
Highest	70%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Second highest	69%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Middle	67%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Second lowest	60%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Lowest	58%	0%	-6%	-1%	0%	
Current-law benefit type						
Retired worker only	76%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	26%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	71%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Disabled worker only	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Social Security Benefits in 2070

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

	Perce population		Percent change in Social Security benefits at the—			
Characteristic	Benefit decrease	Benefit increase	10th %ile	Median	90th %ile	
Total	75%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Sex						
Female	73%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Male	76%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	74%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
White, non-Hispanic	75%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	69%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	77%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Country of birth						
United States	75%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Other countries	73%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Age		•			• 75	
60–69	72%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
70–79	75%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
80–89	75%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
90 or older	79%	0%	-5%	-3%	0%	
Marital status	7070	0,70	070	070	0 70	
Married	78%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Divorced	74%	0%	-7%	-4%	0%	
Widowed	62%	0%	-6%	-2%	0%	
Never married	76%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Highest education level	7070	0,70	1 70	070	070	
Graduate	75%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Bachelor	78%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Associate	75%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
High school	72%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Less than high school	73%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Current-law poverty status		•			• 75	
Above poverty	74%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
In poverty	78%	0%	-6%	-6%	0%	
Current-law household income quintile	7070	0,0	070	070	0 70	
Highest	77%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Second highest	79%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Middle	75%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Second lowest	72%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	
Lowest	69%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Current-law benefit type	0070	370	1 70	0,0	370	
Retired worker only	83%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	51%	1%	-7 % -5%	-1%	0%	
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	78%	0%	-8%	-6%	0%	
Disabled worker only	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Disabled Worker offly	070	0 70	0 70	0 70	0 /	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Social Security Taxes Paid in 2030

Population: Current-law payroll taxpayers aged 31 or older

				Percent change in Social Security taxes paid at the—			Change in taxes paid (in 2021\$) at the—		
	population Tax	With a— Tax	10th	axes paid	90th	10th)2 (\$) at the-	90th	
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	
Total	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Sex									
Female	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Male	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Race/ethnicity									
Hispanic or Latino, any race	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
White, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
All other races, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Country of birth									
United States	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Other countries	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Age									
31–39	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
40–49	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
50–59	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
60–69	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
70 or older	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Marital status									
Married	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Divorced	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Widowed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Never married	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Highest education level							·	·	
Graduate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Bachelor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Associate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
High school	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Less than high school	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Current-law household income quintile									
Highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Middle	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	
Second lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Current-law payroll taxes quintile		• • •				**	**	**	
Highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Middle	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	
	3 70	5 / 0	0 / 0	0 70	0 70	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3 NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Social Security Taxes Paid in 2050

Population: Current-law payroll taxpayers aged 31 or older

				Percent change in Social Security taxes paid at the—			Change in taxes paid (in 2021\$) at the—		
	population Tax	With a— Tax	10th	axes paid	90th	10th)2 (\$) at the-	90th	
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	
Total	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Sex									
Female	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Male	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Race/ethnicity									
Hispanic or Latino, any race	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
White, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
All other races, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Country of birth									
United States	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Other countries	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Age									
31–39	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
40–49	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
50–59	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
60–69	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
70 or older	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Marital status									
Married	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Divorced	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Widowed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Never married	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Highest education level							·	·	
Graduate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Bachelor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Associate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
High school	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Less than high school	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Current-law household income quintile									
Highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Middle	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	
Second lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Current-law payroll taxes quintile		• • •				**	**	**	
Highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Middle	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	
	3 70	5 / 0	0 / 0	0 70	0 70	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3 NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Social Security Taxes Paid in 2070

Population: Current-law payroll taxpayers aged 31 or older

				Percent change in Social Security taxes paid at the—			Change in taxes paid (in 2021\$) at the—		
	population Tax	Tax	10th	axes paid	90th	10th)2 (\$) at the-	90th	
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	
Total	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Sex									
Female	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Male	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Race/ethnicity									
Hispanic or Latino, any race	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
White, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
All other races, non-Hispanic	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Country of birth									
United States	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Other countries	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Age									
31–39	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
40–49	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
50–59	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
60–69	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
70 or older	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Marital status									
Married	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Divorced	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Widowed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Never married	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Highest education level							·	·	
Graduate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Bachelor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Associate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
High school	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Less than high school	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Current-law household income quintile									
Highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Middle	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	
Second lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Current-law payroll taxes quintile		• • •				**	**	**	
Highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Middle	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Second lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Lowest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	
	3 70	5 / 0	0 / 0	0 70	0 70	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3 NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Household Income in 2030

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

	Perce population		Percent change in household income at the—			
Characteristic	Income decrease	Income increase	10th %ile	Median	90th %ile	
Total	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Sex						
Female	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Male	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
White, non-Hispanic	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Country of birth						
United States	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Other countries	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Age						
60–69	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
70–79	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
80–89	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
90 or older	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Marital status						
Married	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Divorced	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Widowed	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Never married	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Highest education level						
Graduate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bachelor	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Associate	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
High school	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Less than high school	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Current-law poverty status						
Above poverty	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
In poverty	12%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Current-law household income quintile						
Highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Second highest	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Middle	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Second lowest	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Lowest	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Current-law benefit type						
Retired worker only	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Disabled worker only	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Household Income in 2050

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

	Perce population		Percent change in household income at the—			
Characteristic	Income decrease	Income increase	10th %ile	Median	90th %ile	
Total	43%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Sex	.0,0	0.70	0.0	0.0	0.75	
Female	40%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Male	47%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	51%	0%	-3%	-1%	0%	
White, non-Hispanic	41%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	44%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	40%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Country of birth						
United States	43%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Other countries	45%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Age						
60–69	59%	0%	-4%	-1%	0%	
70–79	58%	0%	-3%	-1%	0%	
80–89	20%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
90 or older	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Marital status						
Married	51%	0%	-3%	-1%	0%	
Divorced	41%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Widowed	20%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Never married	50%	0%	-4%	-1%	0%	
Highest education level						
Graduate	36%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	
Bachelor	38%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	
Associate	47%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
High school	45%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Less than high school	51%	0%	-4%	-1%	0%	
Current-law poverty status						
Above poverty	43%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
In poverty	49%	0%	-5%	0%	0%	
Current-law household income quintile						
Highest	15%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Second highest	40%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	
Middle	53%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	
Second lowest	55%	0%	-3%	-1%	0%	
Lowest	52%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Current-law benefit type						
Retired worker only	50%	0%	-3%	0%	0%	
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	14%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	53%	0%	-3%	-1%	0%	
Disabled worker only	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Household Income in 2070

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

	Perce population		Percent change in household income at the—			
Characteristic	Income decrease	Income increase	10th %ile	Median	90th %ile	
Total	61%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Sex						
Female	60%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Male	63%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	64%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
White, non-Hispanic	62%	0%	-4%	-1%	0%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	58%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	58%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Country of birth						
United States	62%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Other countries	59%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Age						
60–69	60%	0%	-6%	-1%	0%	
70–79	64%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
80–89	63%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
90 or older	54%	0%	-3%	-1%	0%	
Marital status						
Married	70%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Divorced	56%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Widowed	45%	0%	-4%	0%	0%	
Never married	60%	0%	-6%	-1%	0%	
Highest education level						
Graduate	55%	0%	-4%	-1%	0%	
Bachelor	59%	0%	-4%	-1%	0%	
Associate	65%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
High school	64%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Less than high school	62%	0%	-6%	-1%	0%	
Current-law poverty status						
Above poverty	62%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
In poverty	60%	1%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Current-law household income quintile						
Highest	28%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	
Second highest	64%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	
Middle	74%	0%	-4%	-2%	0%	
Second lowest	74%	0%	-5%	-2%	0%	
Lowest	67%	1%	-6%	-3%	0%	
Current-law benefit type						
Retired worker only	68%	0%	-5%	-1%	0%	
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	34%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	73%	0%	-4%	-1%	0%	
Disabled worker only	11%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

[%]ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Official Poverty Measure in 2030

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

			Number of population in poverty			Percent
	Official pove	rty rate		(in thousands)	. ,	change in
	Without	With	Without	With		the number
Characteristic	proposal	proposal	proposal	proposal	Change	in poverty
Total	5%	5%	3,237	3,252	15	0%
Sex						
Female	5%	5%	1,787	1,791	3	0%
Male	4%	4%	1,450	1,462	11	0%
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	7%	7%	570	574	4	0%
White, non-Hispanic	3%	3%	1,804	1,811	7	0%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	9%	9%	636	636	0	0%
All other races, non-Hispanic	6%	6%	228	231	3	1%
Country of birth						
United States	4%	4%	2,472	2,483	10	0%
Other countries	7%	7%	765	769	4	0%
Age						
60–69	6%	6%	1,486	1,497	10	0%
70–79	4%	4%	1,318	1,322	4	0%
80–89	3%	3%	381	381	0	0%
90 or older	2%	2%	53	53	0	0%
Marital status						
Married	1%	1%	469	473	4	0%
Divorced	9%	9%	1,207	1,214	7	0%
Widowed	6%	6%	740	740	0	0%
Never married	16%	16%	821	824	3	0%
Highest education level						
Graduate	1%	1%	97	97	0	0%
Bachelor	2%	2%	263	263	0	0%
Associate	4%	4%	626	626	0	0%
High school	6%	6%	1,534	1,545	10	0%
Less than high school	12%	12%	717	721	4	0%
Current-law benefit type						
Retired worker only	4%	4%	2,252	2,267	15	0%
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	5%	5%	577	577	0	0%
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	2%	2%	145	145	0	0%
Disabled worker only	10%	10%	263	263	0	0%

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3 NOTES: Start date = 2022.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Official Poverty Measure in 2050

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

			Number o	Percent		
	Official pove			in thousands)	-	change in
	Without	With	Without	With		the number
Characteristic	proposal	proposal	proposal	proposal	Change	in poverty
Total	4%	4%	3,309	3,553	244	7%
Sex						
Female	4%	4%	1,862	1,980	118	6%
Male	4%	4%	1,447	1,573	125	8%
Race/ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino, any race	6%	6%	897	956	58	6%
White, non-Hispanic	3%	3%	1,472	1,575	102	6%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	8%	8%	679	740	61	9%
All other races, non-Hispanic	4%	4%	261	282	21	8%
Country of birth						
United States	4%	4%	2,260	2,436	175	7%
Other countries	6%	6%	1,048	1,117	68	6%
Age						
60–69	5%	6%	1,277	1,387	109	8%
70–79	4%	4%	1,105	1,223	117	10%
80–89	3%	4%	734	751	16	2%
90 or older	3%	3%	193	193	0	0%
Marital status						
Married	1%	1%	457	500	42	9%
Divorced	6%	7%	948	1,026	77	8%
Widowed	5%	5%	750	785	34	4%
Never married	12%	13%	1,154	1,244	89	7%
Highest education level						
Graduate	1%	1%	91	97	6	7%
Bachelor	2%	2%	280	317	36	12%
Associate	3%	3%	555	620	65	11%
High school	6%	6%	1,549	1,658	108	7%
Less than high school	11%	11%	834	861	27	3%
Current-law poverty status						
Above poverty	0%	0%	0	247	246	
In poverty	100%	100%	3,309	3,307	-2	0%
Current-law benefit type						
Retired worker only	4%	4%	2,500	2,711	210	8%
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	4%	4%	498	516	18	3%
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	1%	2%	99	115	15	16%
Disabled worker only	6%	6%	212	212	0	0%

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3 NOTES: Start date = 2022.

^{... =} not applicable.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Official Poverty Measure in 2070

Population: Current-law beneficiaries aged 60 or older

			Number of population in poverty			Percent	
	Official pove	rty rate		n thousands)	,	change in	
	Without	With	Without	With		the number	
Characteristic	proposal	proposal	proposal	proposal	Change	in poverty	
Total	3%	3%	2,425	2,741	316	13%	
Sex							
Female	3%	3%	1,304	1,477	173	13%	
Male	2%	3%	1,121	1,264	142	12%	
Race/ethnicity							
Hispanic or Latino, any race	3%	4%	769	893	123	16%	
White, non-Hispanic	2%	2%	1,009	1,126	116	11%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	4%	5%	392	437	44	11%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	3%	3%	254	286	31	12%	
Country of birth							
United States	2%	2%	1,586	1,808	222	14%	
Other countries	4%	4%	839	933	94	11%	
Age							
60–69	3%	3%	795	911	116	14%	
70–79	3%	3%	906	1,013	106	11%	
80–89	3%	3%	585	657	71	12%	
90 or older	2%	2%	139	160	20	14%	
Marital status							
Married	1%	1%	292	326	33	11%	
Divorced	3%	4%	613	701	88	14%	
Widowed	3%	4%	473	534	61	12%	
Never married	6%	7%	1,046	1,179	133	12%	
Highest education level							
Graduate	1%	1%	156	162	6	4%	
Bachelor	1%	1%	218	245	26	12%	
Associate	2%	2%	405	477	72	17%	
High school	4%	4%	1,033	1,184	150	14%	
Less than high school	6%	7%	613	673	60	9%	
Current-law poverty status							
Above poverty	0%	0%	0	321	321		
In poverty	100%	100%	2,425	2,420	-4	0%	
Current-law benefit type							
Retired worker only	3%	3%	1,958	2,249	290	14%	
Widow(er) (includes dually entitled)	2%	3%	321	342	20	6%	
Spousal (includes dually entitled)	1%	1%	41	46	5	12%	
Disabled worker only	3%	3%	105	105	0	0%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3 NOTES: Start date = 2022.

^{... =} not applicable.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Benefit/Tax Ratios

Population: Workers born 1960–1969 with a benefit/tax ratio

	Perce population			Percent change in benefit/tax ratio at the—			tax ratio v		Benefit/tax ratio with proposal at the—		
	Ratio	Ratio	10th		90th	10th		90th	10th		90th
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile
Total	34%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	5%	127%	397%	5%	126%	396%
Sex											
Female	30%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	23%	159%	562%	23%	158%	559%
Male	38%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	0%	105%	239%	0%	104%	238%
Race/ethnicity											
Hispanic or Latino, any race	35%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	0%	141%	506%	0%	139%	502%
White, non-Hispanic	34%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	14%	122%	359%	14%	121%	358%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	28%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	0%	131%	410%	0%	130%	410%
All other races, non-Hispanic	38%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	0%	132%	493%	0%	130%	490%
Country of birth											
United States	33%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	12%	123%	363%	11%	122%	362%
Other countries	36%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	0%	144%	525%	0%	143%	521%
Highest education level											
Graduate	44%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	24%	113%	245%	24%	112%	242%
Bachelor	42%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	25%	120%	324%	25%	118%	323%
Associate	33%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	16%	127%	340%	16%	126%	339%
High school	29%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	0%	133%	475%	0%	131%	473%
Less than high school	28%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	0%	141%	718%	0%	139%	718%
Current-law initial AIME quintile											
Highest	57%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	36%	93%	136%	35%	92%	134%
Second highest	40%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	21%	118%	175%	21%	116%	173%
Middle	30%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	10%	140%	234%	10%	139%	232%
Second lowest	26%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	23%	205%	444%	23%	204%	444%
Lowest	16%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	0%	228%	1,369%	0%	226%	1,365%
Lifetime payroll tax quintile											
Highest	57%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	40%	94%	134%	40%	93%	133%
Second highest	39%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	23%	118%	173%	23%	117%	171%
Middle	30%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	16%	141%	235%	16%	140%	234%
Second lowest	26%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	18%	193%	403%	18%	192%	402%
Lowest	17%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	0%	270%	1,384%	0%	269%	1,377%
Lifetime payroll tax quintile (shared)											
Highest	57%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	47%	101%	169%	47%	100%	167%
Second highest	37%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	33%	118%	237%	33%	117%	236%
Middle	30%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	15%	136%	314%	15%	135%	312%
Second lowest	27%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	9%	165%	490%	9%	164%	488%
Lowest	19%	0%	-1%	0%	0%	0%	183%	1,028%	0%	182%	1,027%

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

AIME = average indexed monthly earnings; %ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Benefit/Tax Ratios

Population: Workers born 1980–1989 with a benefit/tax ratio

	Perce population		Percent change in benefit/tax ratio at the—				tax ratio v		Benefit/tax ratio with proposal at the—		
	Ratio	Ratio	10th		90th	10th		90th	10th		90th
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile
Total	67%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	119%	375%	0%	112%	365%
Sex											
Female	69%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	143%	532%	0%	136%	520%
Male	66%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	101%	258%	0%	96%	251%
Race/ethnicity											
Hispanic or Latino, any race	62%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	128%	410%	0%	121%	396%
White, non-Hispanic	72%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	14%	118%	372%	13%	112%	361%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	54%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	111%	323%	0%	105%	319%
All other races, non-Hispanic	67%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	106%	410%	0%	100%	395%
Country of birth											
United States	70%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	7%	118%	342%	7%	112%	336%
Other countries	59%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	121%	521%	0%	114%	514%
Highest education level											
Graduate	81%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	21%	105%	271%	19%	99%	262%
Bachelor	78%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	5%	107%	291%	5%	101%	283%
Associate	67%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	120%	329%	0%	114%	323%
High school	61%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	130%	483%	0%	124%	475%
Less than high school	55%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	126%	612%	0%	120%	595%
Current-law initial AIME quintile											
Highest	92%	0%	-7%	-6%	-3%	37%	87%	124%	34%	82%	117%
Second highest	80%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	34%	117%	176%	33%	110%	170%
Middle	69%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	28%	145%	258%	27%	138%	252%
Second lowest	61%	0%	-6%	-5%	0%	0%	204%	522%	0%	195%	514%
Lowest	34%	0%	-7%	-2%	0%	0%	122%	1,803%	0%	117%	1,767%
Lifetime payroll tax quintile											
Highest	93%	0%	-7%	-6%	-3%	40%	88%	125%	37%	82%	118%
Second highest	79%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	36%	117%	178%	35%	111%	171%
Middle	69%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	29%	144%	261%	28%	137%	256%
Second lowest	62%	0%	-6%	-5%	0%	0%	197%	467%	0%	188%	459%
Lowest	34%	0%	-7%	-2%	0%	0%	121%	1,917%	0%	116%	1,901%
Lifetime payroll tax quintile (shared)											
Highest	92%	0%	-7%	-6%	-2%	42%	90%	149%	39%	85%	142%
Second highest	82%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	43%	119%	247%	40%	113%	241%
Middle	70%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	31%	139%	330%	30%	132%	324%
Second lowest	60%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	7%	176%	565%	7%	167%	551%
Lowest	32%	0%	-6%	-3%	0%	0%	66%	922%	0%	64%	905%

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

AIME = average indexed monthly earnings; %ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Benefit/Tax Ratios

Population: Workers born 2000–2009 with a benefit/tax ratio

	Perce population		Percent change in benefit/tax ratio at the—				tax ratio v		Benefit/tax ratio with proposal at the—			
	Ratio	Ratio	10th	ax ratio a	90th	10th	osai at ti	90th	10th	osai at ti	90th	
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	
Total	68%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	116%	343%	0%	109%	336%	
Sex												
Female	70%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	137%	486%	0%	130%	477%	
Male	67%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	99%	245%	0%	93%	237%	
Race/ethnicity												
Hispanic or Latino, any race	65%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	124%	369%	0%	117%	361%	
White, non-Hispanic	73%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	17%	115%	338%	15%	108%	332%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	57%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	112%	306%	0%	106%	302%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	70%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	100%	327%	0%	93%	318%	
Country of birth												
United States	71%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	11%	116%	318%	10%	109%	309%	
Other countries	62%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	116%	475%	0%	109%	457%	
Highest education level												
Graduate	81%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	25%	106%	255%	24%	100%	245%	
Bachelor	79%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	8%	103%	272%	7%	97%	263%	
Associate	66%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	118%	309%	0%	111%	303%	
High school	62%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	124%	413%	0%	117%	403%	
Less than high school	59%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	0%	127%	547%	0%	120%	537%	
Current-law initial AIME quintile												
Highest	93%	0%	-7%	-6%	-3%	39%	85%	121%	36%	79%	114%	
Second highest	81%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	40%	114%	170%	37%	107%	165%	
Middle	69%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	29%	138%	246%	27%	130%	241%	
Second lowest	62%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	11%	189%	452%	10%	180%	444%	
Lowest	36%	0%	-7%	-3%	0%	0%	128%	1,529%	0%	123%	1,496%	
Lifetime payroll tax quintile												
Highest	94%	0%	-8%	-6%	-3%	41%	85%	121%	38%	80%	114%	
Second highest	79%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	41%	116%	173%	39%	109%	167%	
Middle	69%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	31%	139%	254%	30%	131%	246%	
Second lowest	63%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	13%	183%	414%	12%	174%	407%	
Lowest	37%	0%	-7%	-3%	0%	0%	126%	1,578%	0%	120%	1,544%	
Lifetime payroll tax quintile (shared)												
Highest	93%	0%	-8%	-6%	-3%	44%	87%	139%	41%	82%	131%	
Second highest	81%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	45%	117%	231%	43%	110%	224%	
Middle	70%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	34%	136%	307%	32%	128%	302%	
Second lowest	61%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	12%	167%	512%	11%	159%	501%	
Lowest	35%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	0%	89%	792%	0%	84%	781%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

AIME = average indexed monthly earnings; %ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Initial Replacement Rates

Population: Current-law beneficiaries born 1960–1969 with a replacement rate

	Perce population			change i ent rate			eplacemer oroposal a		Initial replacement rate with proposal at the—			
	Rate	Rate	10th		90th	10th	· I	90th	10th		90th	
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	
Total	45%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	24%	46%	79%	23%	45%	78%	
Sex												
Female	43%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	28%	51%	90%	28%	51%	90%	
Male	47%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	22%	42%	66%	22%	41%	65%	
Race/ethnicity												
Hispanic or Latino, any race	50%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	28%	50%	84%	27%	50%	83%	
White, non-Hispanic	45%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	23%	43%	74%	23%	43%	74%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	37%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	28%	51%	85%	28%	50%	83%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	53%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	24%	48%	90%	23%	47%	90%	
Country of birth												
United States	44%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	23%	44%	75%	23%	44%	74%	
Other countries	52%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	28%	53%	90%	28%	53%	90%	
Highest education level												
Graduate	53%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	21%	41%	71%	21%	41%	70%	
Bachelor	52%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	22%	42%	77%	21%	42%	76%	
Associate	44%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	24%	45%	74%	24%	44%	73%	
High school	40%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	27%	48%	81%	26%	47%	81%	
Less than high school	43%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	33%	56%	90%	33%	55%	90%	
Current-law initial AIME quintile												
Highest	65%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	17%	31%	47%	16%	30%	47%	
Second highest	49%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	24%	38%	56%	23%	37%	55%	
Middle	43%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	29%	43%	63%	29%	42%	62%	
Second lowest	36%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	38%	51%	77%	38%	51%	76%	
Lowest	32%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	53%	70%	119%	53%	70%	118%	
Lifetime payroll tax quintile												
Highest	65%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	16%	33%	50%	16%	33%	50%	
Second highest	47%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	23%	37%	57%	22%	37%	56%	
Middle	43%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	31%	43%	63%	30%	42%	63%	
Second lowest	37%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	37%	50%	78%	37%	50%	76%	
Lowest	32%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	52%	68%	113%	52%	68%	112%	
Lifetime payroll tax quintile (shared)												
Highest	67%	0%	-2%	-1%	0%	18%	36%	53%	17%	36%	53%	
Second highest	47%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	22%	38%	62%	22%	38%	61%	
Middle	42%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	28%	43%	69%	27%	42%	68%	
Second lowest	37%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	33%	50%	82%	33%	49%	82%	
Lowest	32%	0%	-2%	0%	0%	46%	63%	92%	45%	63%	90%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

AIME = average indexed monthly earnings; %ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Initial Replacement Rates

Population: Current-law beneficiaries born 1980–1989 with a replacement rate

	Perce population		Percent change in initial replacement rate at the—				eplacemer oroposal a		Initial replacement rate with proposal at the—			
	Rate	Rate	10th		90th	10th		90th	10th		90th	
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	
Total	79%	0%	-17%	-6%	0%	24%	47%	85%	16%	43%	80%	
Sex												
Female	78%	0%	-22%	-6%	0%	27%	53%	90%	17%	48%	89%	
Male	79%	0%	-14%	-6%	0%	22%	43%	73%	16%	39%	69%	
Race/ethnicity												
Hispanic or Latino, any race	78%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	28%	51%	90%	23%	49%	87%	
White, non-Hispanic	80%	0%	-21%	-6%	0%	23%	45%	81%	14%	41%	76%	
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	68%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	26%	51%	83%	21%	49%	80%	
All other races, non-Hispanic	90%	0%	-76%	-6%	0%	22%	46%	90%	6%	39%	83%	
Country of birth												
United States	78%	0%	-18%	-6%	0%	23%	46%	81%	16%	42%	76%	
Other countries	81%	0%	-15%	-6%	0%	27%	54%	90%	19%	49%	90%	
Highest education level												
Graduate	89%	0%	-100%	-6%	0%	21%	42%	75%	0%	35%	68%	
Bachelor	88%	0%	-53%	-6%	0%	21%	43%	82%	7%	37%	76%	
Associate	77%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	24%	45%	76%	21%	43%	73%	
High school	72%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	28%	51%	89%	25%	49%	85%	
Less than high school	75%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	31%	57%	90%	28%	54%	90%	
Current-law initial AIME quintile												
Highest	95%	0%	-100%	-6%	-5%	16%	31%	46%	0%	24%	41%	
Second highest	85%	0%	-25%	-6%	0%	23%	38%	56%	15%	33%	50%	
Middle	77%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	29%	45%	65%	24%	42%	58%	
Second lowest	70%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	41%	55%	84%	37%	53%	77%	
Lowest	67%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	58%	74%	135%	56%	71%	123%	
Lifetime payroll tax quintile												
Highest	96%	0%	-100%	-6%	-5%	16%	33%	49%	0%	23%	43%	
Second highest	85%	0%	-22%	-6%	0%	22%	37%	58%	16%	33%	51%	
Middle	77%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	30%	45%	66%	25%	42%	59%	
Second lowest	70%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	39%	54%	85%	36%	52%	78%	
Lowest	68%	0%	-6%	-5%	0%	57%	73%	127%	54%	70%	119%	
Lifetime payroll tax quintile (shared)												
Highest	94%	0%	-100%	-6%	-5%	17%	35%	52%	0%	25%	45%	
Second highest	86%	0%	-22%	-6%	0%	21%	39%	62%	15%	35%	57%	
Middle	80%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	27%	44%	73%	23%	42%	66%	
Second lowest	69%	0%	-7%	-5%	0%	35%	53%	88%	32%	51%	83%	
Lowest	65%	0%	-6%	-5%	0%	50%	67%	108%	48%	65%	100%	

SOURCE: SSA Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, MINT 8.19, Analysis 2.0. Run: 06/30/2021. Ref #: OACT0615v3

NOTES: Start date = 2022.

AIME = average indexed monthly earnings; %ile = percentile.

Projected Effects of Proposal on Initial Replacement Rates

Population: Current-law beneficiaries born 2000–2009 with a replacement rate

	Percent of Percent change in initial population with a— replacement rate at the—				eplacemer proposal a		Initial replacement rate with proposal at the—				
	Rate	Rate	10th		90th	10th	<u> </u>	90th	10th	<u> </u>	90th
Characteristic	decrease	increase	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile	%ile	Median	%ile
Total	78%	0%	-38%	-6%	0%	24%	48%	84%	11%	43%	78%
Sex											
Female	78%	0%	-53%	-6%	0%	28%	52%	90%	11%	47%	89%
Male	79%	0%	-30%	-6%	0%	22%	44%	73%	12%	40%	68%
Race/ethnicity											
Hispanic or Latino, any race	78%	0%	-11%	-6%	0%	27%	50%	88%	21%	46%	83%
White, non-Hispanic	79%	0%	-53%	-6%	0%	23%	46%	81%	9%	40%	75%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	68%	0%	-17%	-6%	0%	26%	52%	84%	19%	49%	80%
All other races, non-Hispanic	88%	0%	-100%	-6%	0%	22%	45%	84%	0%	37%	78%
Country of birth											
United States	78%	0%	-37%	-6%	0%	23%	47%	81%	12%	42%	75%
Other countries	82%	0%	-53%	-6%	0%	26%	51%	90%	8%	47%	89%
Highest education level											
Graduate	87%	0%	-100%	-6%	0%	21%	43%	80%	0%	32%	68%
Bachelor	88%	0%	-100%	-6%	0%	21%	42%	79%	0%	33%	70%
Associate	74%	0%	-9%	-6%	0%	25%	47%	77%	21%	44%	73%
High school	72%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	28%	50%	88%	23%	48%	83%
Less than high school	77%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	31%	57%	90%	28%	54%	90%
Current-law initial AIME quintile											
Highest	95%	0%	-100%	-7%	-6%	16%	31%	47%	0%	21%	40%
Second highest	85%	0%	-45%	-6%	0%	24%	39%	57%	11%	32%	49%
Middle	77%	0%	-19%	-6%	0%	31%	45%	65%	22%	42%	57%
Second lowest	69%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	41%	55%	84%	36%	52%	73%
Lowest	66%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	58%	74%	128%	55%	70%	115%
Lifetime payroll tax quintile											
Highest	96%	0%	-100%	-7%	-6%	16%	33%	49%	0%	21%	40%
Second highest	85%	0%	-45%	-6%	0%	23%	39%	58%	12%	32%	50%
Middle	75%	0%	-17%	-6%	0%	31%	45%	66%	24%	42%	56%
Second lowest	69%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	40%	54%	83%	36%	52%	73%
Lowest	67%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	57%	73%	122%	54%	70%	111%
Lifetime payroll tax quintile (shared)											
Highest	94%	0%	-100%	-7%	-6%	16%	35%	51%	0%	22%	43%
Second highest	86%	0%	-45%	-6%	0%	22%	40%	63%	10%	33%	55%
Middle	78%	0%	-17%	-6%	0%	29%	45%	72%	22%	42%	64%
Second lowest	68%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	37%	53%	88%	33%	51%	80%
Lowest	66%	0%	-7%	-6%	0%	50%	67%	102%	47%	65%	95%

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NOTES: Start date = 2022.

AIME = average indexed monthly earnings; %ile = percentile.